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## **Increased interest**

Region's largest credit unions outpace banks in loan growth.

JEFF BLUMENTHAL, 6





## FOCUS ON HEALTH CARE

## Direct access

While still rare in this market, the idea of employers negotiating deals with providers of health care is gaining momentum.

**COVER STORY BY JOHN GEORGE, 16** 

THE LOST

Home health care providers **20** 

Urgent care providers

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A TWIST IN TECH TRIAL \$18.8M verdict against Montco company overturned. 12 MOST INFLUENTIAL LIST Four local leaders make Modern Healthcare's top 100. 14

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### **TECHNOLOGY**

## EAST FALLS' STRATIS IN GROWTH MODE



CEO Felicite Moorman says the 50-employee company, spun out of BuLogics,

has found success by focusing on IoT products for multifamily buildings. This year, it made the Inc. 5000.

**MICHELLE CAFFREY, 4** 



### **REAL ESTATE**

Work begins on \$75M Exton project

Jefferson Apartment Group has big plans for a multifamily complex in Chesco. NATALIE KOSTELNI, 8

#### **MARKETING**

Brownstein chosen to help city branding

Philadelphia is one of four U.S. regions working with Brookings on 'global identity.' KENNETH HILARIO, 10



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## PHILADELPHIA BUSINESS JOURNAL



## Companies have started direct contracting for health care, bypassing insurers. Here's what it means for Philadelphia.

JOHN GEORGE Senior Reporter Philadelphia Business Journal

Lowes does it. So does Boeing, in certain parts of the country. Walmart has done it for about two decades. General Motors announced earlier this month it plans to do it too. But to date, few Philadelphia-area employers have taken the plunge.

The health care trend that's been slow to catch on locally is direct contracting for health care services between businesses and providers. Those experimenting with the model – which bypasses health insurers as middlemen – are typically large companies like airplane manufacturers that self-insure their health benefits and are looking for a new way to lower the care costs and improve health outcomes.

But that's changing.

"We are in active discussions with several medium- and large-sized employers in the Philadelphia region who have approached us after our work in this space became public," said Dr. Jonathan Slotkin, the medial director and associate chief medical informatics officer at Geisinger Health System in Danville. "We are going to be aggressively pursuing opportunities to bring our Geisinger care to companies in the Philadelphia area."

A survey released earlier this month by the National Business Group on Health found direct contracting with health systems and providers is expected to expand from 3 percent this year to 11 percent in 2019.

"Health care cost increases continue to outpace workers' earnings and increases in inflation, making this trend unaffordable and unsustainable over the long term," said Brian Marcotte, president and CEO of the National Business Group on Health. "No longer able to rely on traditional cost-sharing techniques to manage costs, a growing number of employers are taking an activist role in shaking up how care is delivered and paid for."

Direct contracting between employer and health care providers is one way they are shaking things up.

Geisinger Health System, parent organization for AtlantiCare in South Jersey, enters into

direct contracting arrangements through its participation in The Employers Centers of Excellence Network, a partnership between the Pacific Business Group on Health and Health Design Plus, an Ohio-based care-management company. The network members partner with a consortium of employers including Lowes, Walmart, JetBlue Airways Corp. and others for specific services that include spine, bariatric and cardiac surgeries.

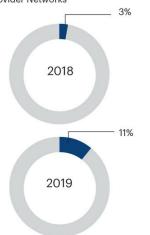
The employers make a bundled payment for a treatment based on a diagnosis, which shifts the risk of absorbing additional costs from complications onto network providers. The companies give their workers incentives to choose Geisinger, or another network member, for their care by covering copayments, deductibles and travel expenses. Employees who choose to go outside of the narrow network pay a significantly higher portion of the treatment costs.

"Patients love it," Slotkin said, of those who chose Geisinger. "These folks get free airfare and white-glove care. This used to be reserved for executives. Now it's cashiers and people

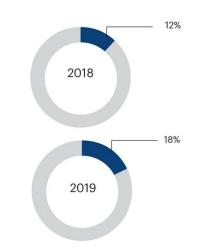
### DIRECT CONTRACTING ON THE RISE

More large employers are turning to direct contracting as a means to control escalating health benefit costs.

Employers direct contracting in local markets with Accountable Care Organizations and High Performance Provider Networks



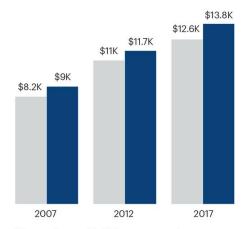
Employers direct contracting in local markets with Centers of Excellence model



### **RISING HEALTH CARE COSTS**

Average health benefit costs paid by large employers have climbed 53 percent nationally and in the Philadelphia region during the past decade.

■ National ■ Philadelphia Metropolitan area (Average total health benefit cost per employee\*)



\*For employers with 500 or more employees

who stand on concrete all day getting this concierge level of care."

Slotkin said the program addresses several key issues that drive quality and efficiency of health care delivery. Those admitted as a center of excellence have demonstrated they can provide care more cost-effectively. The centers also identify and prevent inappropriate utilization, such as recommendations for unneeded surgery. In addition, the centers have an established track record for lower complication rates.

Neil Goldfarb, president and CEO of the Greater Philadelphia Business Coalition of Health, agreed direct contracting between providers and employers has been slow to take root in Philadelphia, but he said the concept is attracting interest.

"Among our members, a few large companies are testing it in some markets," Goldfarb said. "Midsized employers are asking about it. Their questions are how do I make it work, how much time will I have to invest in it, and how will I know a good deal when I see it?"

Goldfarb said coalition members have asked him to look out for provider organizations that are able to deliver quality performance guarantees and alternative payment models where providers take on shared risk. "There is a more heightened awareness among companies that they have to change or health care costs won't improve," Goldfarb said. "We may be at a tipping point. Employers are realizing they have to take on more responsibility."

Locally, direct contracting is taking place for specific services lines.

Mason Reiner, co-founder and CEO of R-Health in Elkins Park, has spent six years assembling a network of physician practice sites to position his company to contract directly

with employers and others for what he calls "enhanced" primary care.

"We're not replacing the need for people to see specialists or receive care at hospitals," Reiner said. "We help members achieve their optimum health and we will help them use the rest of the system if and when the need arises."

The R-Health model features include:

- Same- or next-day appointments and evening office hours,
- · Remote access to doctors with online messaging and video visits,
- Data analytics and patient engagement platforms to streamline care.
- Proactive management of chronic conditions.

"Direct Care allows me to have more valuable communication with patients," said Dr. Julia Snyder, a physician at R-Health's Cherry Hill practice site. "This affords me the ability to build a trusting relationship, and address important underlying issues of their health like nutrition, stress, sleep, exercise, or relationships. This opens the potential of true healing; the reason I went into medicine."

In 2016 the company was awarded a contract to provide direct primary care to members of the New Jersey State Health Benefits Program and School Employees' Health Benefits Program and their families. Members of the two state programs are covered by either Aetna or Horizon Blue Cross Blue Shield. R-Health contracts with the two health insurers on behalf of the public sector employees. The state covers the cost of members who join R-Health.

The two programs have about 500,000 eligible members, and the state's goal is to enroll 60,000 members during the first three years of the program. Reiner said since being awarded the contract, R-Health's New Jersey public sec-

tor membership has grown consistently at a rate of about 8 percent per month.

R-Health has also started contracting directly with employers for primary care services. In January, it reached a deal with Ameriflex, a benefits administrator and payment processing firm with offices in Dallas and Cherry Hill.

Anne Richter, chief strategy officer at Ameriflex, said the company ran a pilot program with its own employees in Dallas on enhanced primary care after one of the consultants it works with asked about how best to price such a program. "That got us started thinking about the idea in general, so we decided to experiment with it as an employer," she said. "We wanted to get feedback."

Richter said employees in Dallas were given the option of joining a concierge-like primary care practice, which offered greater access to and longer appointments with primary care doctors, and Ameriflex would pick up the cost.

"The results were phenomenal," Richter said. "Our employees loved it. They couldn't believe their employers would pay for it. They got a level of access and service they never experienced before."

Ameriflex, which self-insures its health benefits, also benefited. "Our ER visits plummeted; they basically fell off the map," she said. "They went from 80 the year before to six." Richter said medical claim expenses were down 27 percent as compared to the company's Cherry Hill office, which has the same number of employees, at about 150, with basically the same demographics as the Cherry Hill office.

Looking to expand the program to Cherry Hill, Ameriflex entered into an enhanced primary care contract with R-Health that took effect Jan. 1 "The feedback is just like we encountered in Dallas," Richter said. "The employees

love it and we are seeing the same impact on claims."

R-Health has also formed a new partnership with Pareto Captive Service, a Philadelphia-based company that works with midsize companies – about 50 to 500 employees – that self-insure their insurance benefits. Pareto forms and manages employee benefit group captives that limit a company's potential health benefit losses.

Andrew Cavenagh, managing director of Pareto Captive Services, said the firm's strategy for helping clients reduce their health care costs include everything from supporting the use of telemedicine to providing access to a pharmaceutical benefit manage consortium. "We also spend a lot of time focusing on primary care," he said. "As a country, we are under-spending on primary care.... We are a fan of enhanced primary care and we facilitate partnerships [between employers and providers] where employee can get better access and more time with primary care doctors who take a more holistic approach to treating patients."

Direct contracting relationships do not involve only companies.

A little more than two years ago, Cancer Treatment Centers of America in Philadelphia formed a direct contracting relationship with the Teamsters Health & Welfare and Pension Trust in Pennsauken, N.J.

"It started with a single union member," said Jeff Ryan, chief operating officer at the Philadelphia specialty hospital. "We took care of a patient of their's and they wanted to expand the relationship."

Ryan said the relationship has grown into more than just taking care of union members who are diagnosed with cancer.

"It has evolved into how do we become partners in the whole cancer arena?" he said. "We know a cancer spend can be one of your biggest expenditures [for an organization that self-insurers their health benefits]. If you are a small employer it can devastate you."

CTCA, which has five hospitals across the country, has assembled a employer relations staff that calls on larger employers to talk about direct contracting.

"We are now in discussions with several larger employers," said Ryan, who said he could not identify them because of confidentiality agreements. "Some are government [entities] with large public work forces, some are very large Philadelphia firms and some are global firms with offices in Philadelphia."

Maria Scheeler, executive director of the South Jersey-based Teamsters Health & Welfare and Pension Trust, said the union has negotiated rates with CTCA that are below what it pays for its members enrolled in Blue Cross or Aetna managed care plans. Members who opt to go to CTCA for their cancer care pay the same copayments and deductibles they would for going to an in-network provider. She said about two dozen union members have gone to CTCA for their cancer treatment, and all have been pleased with how they were cared for.



Ameriflex employee Joel Correa and Dr. Julia Snyder go over test results during an "enhanced primary care" appointment his employer covers under a direct contracting relationship with R-Health of Elkins Park

"It's such a different kind of relationship we have with them," Scheeler said. "The relationship goes beyond just signing a contract. It's a constant ongoing relationship. They are always asking what else they can do for us."

CTCA holds biannual health fairs and screening programs to educate Teamster members on cancer and the importance of screenings. "We know if we can catch cancer earlier, we have a better chance of curing it or treating it as a chronic condition so workers are able to keep working and are not out sick," Ryan said.

The newest initiative they are working on is a genetic testing program to identify and help members who are at high-risk for certain types of cancer.

Officials at Independence Blue Cross, the Philadelphia region's largest health insurer, did not express concern about losing market share to direct contracting.

Brian Lobley, president of commercial and consumer markets at Independence Blue Cross, said direct contracting is a trend that seems to surface periodically and, nationally large employers are encountering mixed experiences with the model. "It's not a silver bullet," he said.

Lobley said the concept of identifying providers who can provide the most cost-effective care is not dissimilar to the Blue Distinction Total Care program that involves the three dozen Blue Cross plans working together to identify "best in class" service providers and centers of excellence in areas such as complex oncology, bariatric surgery and orthopedics.

The Blue Cross plans' edge, he said, is the clinical and cost data it continuously gathers by caring for more than 105 million members nationally – including the nearly 3 million IBC members in the Philadelphia region.

"That's the valued proposition we bring

when we go out and talk with employer groups," Lobley said.

The Philadelphia-area health system with the largest geographic spread of physicians and hospitals, Jefferson Health, is exploring the idea of direct contracting through Delaware Valley ACO, the accountable care organization it owns with Main Line Health.

"We've been following the experiences of others around country to see what makes for a successful relationship and why others fall apart," said Dr. Katherine Schneider, president of Delaware Valley ACO. "We certainly talk about direct contracting."

Schneider said she's learned direct contracting agreements take all different shapes and sizes. "It's one of those things where if you've seen one, you've seen one," she said.

Schneider noted nationally, it is primarily large employers exploring direct contracting and in this region the largest employers tend to be health systems.

When Delaware Valley ACO was formed four years ago, its first role was to coordinate health coverage for Jefferson and Main Line employees and their dependents. Combined, the Jefferson and Main Line health systems have 40,000 employees and self-insurer health benefits for 60,000 covered lives.

"We do have a direct employer contract and it's with ourselves," Schneider said. "Initially we focused on using our providers as a preferred network, but we've gotten more involved with care management and coaching, We want to demonstrate we can do this with a large population where we are at full risk.

"We are constantly having conversations with potential partners about the future and different care models that are population health-based and not visit based. Nothing is off the table."